$\mathbf{P}=\mathbf{I V}$

| S/N <br> $\mathbf{o}$ | Description | $\mathbf{N}$ <br> $\mathbf{o}$ | Curren <br> $\mathbf{t}$ | Voltag <br> $\mathbf{e}$ | Powe <br> $\mathbf{r}$ <br> $\mathbf{( k W )}$ | No of <br> househol <br> $\mathbf{d}$ | Total <br> power <br> $(\mathbf{k W )}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Grinder | 5 |  |  | 2 |  | 10 |
| 2 | Light bulbs | 12 |  |  | 0.06 | 20 | 14.4 |
| 3 | Socket | 5 | 13 | 240 | 3.12 | 20 | 312 |
| 4 | Socket | 2 | 15 | 240 | 3.6 | 20 | 144 |
| 5 | Socket | 2 | 5 | 240 | 1.2 | 20 | 48 |
| 6 | Fan | 3 |  |  | 0.02 |  | 0.06 |
| 7 | Saw mill | 2 |  |  | 5 |  | 10 |
| 8 | Feed mill | 1 |  |  | 20 |  | 20 |
| 9 | Livestock farm | 1 |  |  | 20 |  | 20 |
| 10 | Palm oil mill | 2 |  |  | 50 |  | 50 |
| 11 | Cassava Processing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Centre | 2 |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |
| 12 | Village Centre |  |  |  |  | TOTAL | 758.46 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

i. Power consumption is calculated in $\mathrm{kW}-\mathrm{Hr}=$ Total Power x time of use Daily Power consumption $=758.46 \times 8=6064 \mathrm{~kW}-\mathrm{Hr}$ Monthly PC $=6064 \times 30=181,920$
At $\ddagger 4.00$ per $\mathrm{kW}-\mathrm{Hr}$, total monthly earning $=181,920 \times 4=\mathrm{F} 727,680.00$
ii. With a power consumption of 758.46 kW , the 300 kVA 300 kW is grossly inadequate at peak load
iii. A transformer of 1000 KVA is recommended for immediate installation while plan should be on the pipeline for one with a higher capacity to take care of development

1. a. Differentiate between the terms "Total Connected Load (TCL)" and "Probable Maximum Load (PML)".

Total Connected Load (TCL) - is the load rating of an appliance or a system which it carries/supplies when operated throughout the day. This is the load consumed by the appliance during operations. etc

Probable Maximum Load (PML) - is the resulting load consumed when an appliance is
operated only when needed i.e. effective period of service. etc
a. Design the interior lighting system using "LUMEN method" for the fertilizer store with a floor dimension of $8 \mathrm{~m} \times 15 \mathrm{~m}$ using Tungsten Lamp. Take E = 50 lux, Hm = 3, Coeff of utilization (C) for RI of 1.74 for medium surface $=0.55$, Maintenance factor $(M)=0.7$

Minimum service value of illumination for fertilizer store, $\mathrm{E}=50$ lux
Area (A)
$=8 \times 15=120 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
Using Tungsten lamp of 200W
From Table 10, $\mathrm{Hm}=3.0$

Room Index $\quad=8 \times 15 /(3.0(8+15))=1.74$

Using dispersive reflections for the lamp
From Table 11, Coeff of utilization (C) for RI of 1.74 for medium surface $=0.55$ by interpolation on the table

## From Table 9

Cleaning at average frequency for average surface, maintenance factor (M) $=0.7$

Installed flux therefore $\quad=\mathrm{EA} / \mathrm{CM}=50 \times 120 /(0.55 \times 0.7)$
$=15584$ lumens
Maximum spacing is given as $3 / 2(\mathrm{Hm})=1.5 \times 3=4.5$

Arrangement using this spacing gives ????? = 2 across, 3 along
Checking the selected lumen
No of bulbs $=$ no bulbs along $x$ no of bulbs across $=6$

Lumens per bulb $=$ Installed flux $\div$ no of bulbs $\quad=15584 \div 6=2597$

Is this equal, less or greater than the lumen for the 200 W Yes this is equivalent for

200W (with 2720lumens).
If less then OK or select the appropriate bulb with the lumen and calculate the new arrangement
if higher select the appropriate bulb with the lumen and calculate the new arrangement
You are at liberty to select other types of lamp with justification hence all the our
answers may not necessarily be the same. The arrangement is also dependent on the selection made.

