What is DNA Extraction?

♂ A routine procedure to collect DNA for subsequent molecular or forensic analysis.

ONA is extracted from human cells for a variety of reasons. With a pure sample of DNA you can test a newborn for a genetic disease,

analyze forensic evidence, or study a gene involved in cancer.

Steps to DNA Extraction

1. Breaking the cells open to expose DNA

2. Remove membrane lipids by adding detergent

3. Precipite DNA with an alcohol — usually ethanol or isopropanol. Since DNA is insoluble in these alcohols, it will aggregate together, giving a *pellet* upon centrifugation. This step also removes alcohol-soluble salt.