## ANALYSIS OF THE EFFECT OF FERTILIZER ON THE YIELD OF MAIZE

## (YELLOW MAIZE AS A CASE STUDY

BY

## OGUNSOLA, ADEOLU IBRAHIM MATRIC NUMBER: 20081681

A PROJECT SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS COLLEGE OF NATURAL SCIENCES, FEDERAL UNVERSITY OF AGRICULTURE ABEOKUTA, OGUN STATE. IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCES (B.sc), DEGREE IN STATISTICS.

**JULY, 2012** 

## ABSTRACT

This project analyses the effect of Germaplasm which were developed by the international institute of agriculture (IITA) on yields of mid - altitude maize when they were applied on different locations in Nigeria. The location under consideration are ABEOKUTA – F, ABEOKUTA – G, I.A.R & T-1, I.A.R & T-2, SAMINAKA AND WAMACO. After several analyses and tests, these were my findings;

From the analyses, we fail to reject the null hypothesis Ho and conclude that there are no significant difference in the effects of the germaplasm fertilizers, since the p – value is greater than 0.05 at 5% significant level. But we reject the null hypothesis Ho of locations since the p – value is less than 0.05 which implies that there is significant difference in the yields of maize due to different locations.

It was also found that the yields of mid-altitude maize in location A, E and F are different from those of location B, C and D. Using the least significant approach to separate the means.