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EFFICACY STUDY OF MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE SUPPLEMENTATION AND DIMINAZENE ACETURATE IN RATS INOCULATED WITH TRYPANOSOMA BRUCEI

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ABSTRACT

The effect of Mgcl, and Diminazene aceturate in experimental *Trypansoma brucei* infected rats was investigated. Infection with the parasite caused a progressive increase in parasitaemia which resulted in a significant (P<0.05) decrease in packed cell volume, Red blood cell count and white blood cell count in the infected not treated (group F), the positive control and other groups C,D,E, and G respectively. The treated groups C,D,E and G improved remarkably, but were not clear of the parasites, most especially group D, which was given subtherapeutic dose of diminazene aceturate and supplemented MgCl2 orally at 100 mg/kg per os. This prolonged the life of the rats to up to 27 days. The combination of MgCl₂ and diminazene reduced the severity of trypanosome infection and hence alleviated the anaemia and leukopenia.

Key words

MgCI₂, Diminazene aceturate, Trypanosoma, blood, Parasitaemia