Effect of pH and ionic strength on extractability, foam and gelation properties of african yam beau (SphelJosy= li§ §te~Jocarpa Hochsto EX A. Rich..) protein

C.o. Eromosele<sup>1</sup>, L. A. Arogundade<sup>1</sup>, I. C. Eromosele<sup>1</sup> and O. Ademuyiwa<sup>2</sup>

- 1. Chemistry Department University of Agriculture, Box 28 UNAAB Post Office, Abeokuta, Ogun State, Nigeria. <a href="mailty-emisiero@yahoo.com">Emailty-emisiero@yahoo.com</a>;
- 2. Biochemistry Department, University of Agriculture, Abeokuta, Ogun State, Nigeria

## ABSTRACT

Effect of some food processing environmental conditions on extractability. solubility. foam and gelation properties of African yam bean (Sphenost.\lis stenocarpa) were studied. Increase in ionic strength increased extractability of S. stenocarpa protein. Minimum extractability was obtained at pH S which increased on either sides of this isoelectric point (pH S). In 1. SM ionic media. extractability of S. stenocarpa at isoelectric point significantly (p < O. OS) improved. Solubility of the isolated protein from S. stenocarpa flour also had increased solubility in the pH range 4~8 but reverse was the case at pH 3. The foam properties of the protein was significantly (p < O. OS) lower at isoelectric region than other pHs. This however improved with introduction of ionic species into the aqueous media. S. sienocarpa protein had least gelation concentration of 2% in all the ionic media considered. This is indication of good gelation attribute. thus S. stenocarpa protein can serve as a good food thickener.